

Description

Stainless Steel Grade 409Ti/1.4512 is a stabilized ferritic stainless steel with titanium added to enhance its weldability and resistance to corrosion, particularly in high-temperature environments. This grade is often used in automotive exhaust systems and other applications where oxidation and corrosion resistance are essential. 409Ti offers good mechanical properties and is a cost-effective alternative to higher alloyed stainless steels.

Chemical Composition

- Chromium (Cr): 10.5 - 11.75%
 - Titanium (Ti): Stabilized with 6x (C+N) minimum
 - Nickel (Ni): $\leq 0.50\%$
 - Carbon (C): $\leq 0.03\%$
 - Manganese (Mn): $\leq 1.00\%$
 - Silicon (Si): $\leq 1.00\%$
 - Phosphorus (P): $\leq 0.040\%$
 - Sulfur (S): $\leq 0.020\%$
 - Nitrogen (N): $\leq 0.030\%$
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Mechanical Properties

- Tensile Strength: 380 - 450 MPa
 - Yield Strength: 205 - 350 MPa
 - Elongation: $\geq 20\%$
 - Hardness: ≤ 180 HB (Brinell Hardness)
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Thermal and Physical Properties

- Density: 7.75 g/cm³
- Thermal Conductivity: 24.0 W/m·K at 100°C

- Specific Heat: 460 J/kg·K at 20°C
 - Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: 11.0 $\mu\text{m}/\text{m}\cdot\text{K}$ (20-100°C)
 - Electrical Resistivity: 0.60 $\mu\Omega\cdot\text{m}$ at 20°C
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Other Designations

- UNS S40977
 - DIN 1.4512
 - EN 1.4512
 - ASTM 409
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Fabrication and Heat Treatment

- Welding: Grade 409Ti/1.4512 can be welded using common welding techniques, including TIG, MIG, and resistance welding. Preheating to 150-200°C is recommended to avoid cracking, followed by post-weld annealing.
 - Forming: Easily formable using standard methods, but forming at room temperature is recommended to avoid cracking.
 - Heat Treatment: Annealing at 750-850°C followed by air cooling. This grade does not harden significantly with heat treatment but can be annealed to relieve stresses.
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Applications

- Automotive: Exhaust systems, mufflers, catalytic converters, and other components exposed to high temperatures and corrosive environments.
 - Industrial: Heat exchangers, furnace parts, and other components requiring oxidation and corrosion resistance.
 - Construction: Structural components exposed to mildly corrosive environments.
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Supplied Forms

- Coils
- Bars
- Wires

Features

- Corrosion Resistance: Good resistance to oxidation and corrosion in mildly corrosive environments and at high temperatures.
- High-Temperature Performance: Maintains mechanical properties and resists oxidation at elevated temperatures.
- Weldability: Enhanced weldability due to titanium stabilization, reducing the risk of intergranular corrosion.
- Formability: Good formability allows for ease of fabrication into complex shapes.
- Cost-Effective: Offers a lower-cost alternative to higher alloyed stainless steels without compromising on essential properties.



VENUS
STAINLESS STEEL WIRES & BARS